



PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH,

MONDAY, MAY 18. 1789.

THEATRE, DUNLOP-STREET.
On WEDNESDAY Evening, May 20, 1789.
Will be presented, the favourite COMEDY OF
RULE A WIFE AND HAVE A WIFE.
(The only night of performing it this Season.)
Copper Captain, Mr KING.
To which will be added, a FARCE called, The
LYING VALET.
(the Lying Valet) Mr KING.
Sharp.

MONEY WANTED.
A LOAN of ONE THOUSAND POUNDS at 4 per cent. Wanted at the present term, or betwixt and Lammas, upon a conveyance to an Heritable Security over a considerable estate not far from Edinburgh. The money can very readily be got from the debtor at any time, but the security is so good that it was thought a pity to take it up at this time.
Apply to George Watson, writer, St Andrew's Street.

DALKEITH DISTRICT.
THERE is to be a meeting of the Trustees for the Turnpike Roads in the District of Dalkeith, at Mrs Johnstone's, vintner in Dalkeith, upon Monday the 25th of May current, at two o'clock afternoon, when it is requested the trustees will attend.

Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office.
May 14. 1789.

THE Annual Premiums and King's Duty upon
Insurances, due at this Office at the present term of Whit Sunday, are desired to be paid up immediately, as, by neglecting the payment fifteen days after the Term day, the benefit of the Policy expires.
Persons insured will please therefore call at the Office and pay the same, where receipts are granted for old premiums, and policies issued for new insurances.

TABLE OF THE Annual Premiums to be paid for Insurances.

Sum insured.	Common.	Hazardous.	Double hazard.
Any sum not exceeding 1000 l.	25 per ann.	35 per ann.	50 per ann.
Above 1000 l. and not exceeding 2000 l.	25 per ann.	35 per ann.	50 per ann.
Above 2000 l. and not exceeding 3000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 3000 l. and not exceeding 4000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 4000 l. and not exceeding 5000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 5000 l. and not exceeding 6000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 6000 l. and not exceeding 7000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 7000 l. and not exceeding 8000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 8000 l. and not exceeding 9000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.
Above 9000 l. and not exceeding 10000 l.	25 6d. p. c.	45 per ann.	75 6d. p. c.

N. B. By an act of the 22d. George 3d. a duty of 1s. 6d. per annum, is laid upon every Hundred Pounds of property insured against fire.
Persons may insure for seven years when they will get a discount of one year's premium and tax.
Notice is also hereby given to the Proprietors, that the days of paying Dividends are Wednesday and Thursday, from ten in the forenoon to two o'clock in the afternoon.

SALE.
ON Saturday next, the proprietors of Mr Mardowall's goods being obliged to quit the Shop lately possessed by him on North Bridge Street, they are under the necessity of selling the goods in a few days. The remainder of the goods will therefore be sold off, at prices so remarkably low, that the public attention is particularly requested. The articles still on hand are
Best Superfine Black Cloths
A great variety of Second Cloths of the most fashionable colours.
Livery Cloths of all kinds, of excellent durable quality.
Fancy Vest Stuffs.
Florentines, Princess Stuffs, Laflings, Corduroys, Tickfets, &c. for breeches.
As all the goods must immediately be sold, the prices are very considerably reduced, and those who take quantities will get still a further discount. The public may therefore not meet with such an opportunity of being so easily supplied.

MAHOGANY & LOGWOOD.
To be sold by public auction, at the Leith Coffeehouse, on Thursday first the 21st May 1789, at twelve o'clock noon, THE ENTIRE CARGO of the Ship Liberty, Capt. Walker, lately arrived from the Bay of Honduras, in two lots.

LOT I. Two Hundred and Twenty Logs Mahogany, measuring about 90,000 feet.
LOT II. Thirty Tons Logwood.
The conditions of sale are in the hands of William Grinlay, broker in Leith.
Leith, May 15. 1789.

A NEAT VILLA, &c.
Within a short mile of Edinburgh, to be LET and entered to at Whit Sunday next.
THE HOUSE, PARK, and GARDENS of EASTER WARRISTOWN, with Coach-House, Stable, and other offices, as presently occupied by Lady Helen Dalrymple. For particulars, enquire at Messrs Young and Trotter.
Also, a large WAREHOUSE, with two small rooms, all with fire places, in No. 16. east side of the South Bridge, first floor up from the street.
The key lies at Mr Maitland's china shop.

Lime works at Pallion, by South Sunderland.
JOHN GOODCHILD of Pallion, Esq; having appointed THOMAS SMART, writer in Dundee, to be his agent in this country for the LIME, Thomas Smart takes the liberty to inform Gentlemen, Farmers, Builders, and others, that they can be served on reasonable terms with any quantity of good English LIME SHELLS, delivered at any port, by applying to the said John Goodchild, Esq; or Thomas Smart.
Dundee, April 16. 1789.

HOUSES & AREAS TO BE SOLD.
By Order of the Trustees for building a Bridge over the Cowgate.
To be SOLD by public roup, within the Dean of Guild Court House in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 20th of May, at five o'clock afternoon.

THE TENEMENT fronting the High Street of Edinburgh, at the head of Kinloch's Close, consisting of six stories. Also the Ruinous Tenement on the west side of it, next to Niddery's Wynd; together with the whole Area south thereof, and on the east side of Niddery's Wynd, to St Cecilia's Hall, in such lots as purchasers shall incline.
The purchasers will be bound to make Niddery's Wynd thirty feet wide from the High Street to St Cecilia's Hall. There will also be sold the Ruinous Tenement and Area fronting the Cowgate, at the foot of Dickson's Close.
The conditions of sale will be shown by John Gray, writer to the signet.

HUME'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND, WITH PORTRAITS.
This Day was Published, Price One Shilling, (Payable on delivery)
NUMBER I.
Containing Six Sheets of Letter-press, and a Head of the Author engraved by COLLIER, of the
HISTORY OF ENGLAND,
FROM THE
Invasion of JULIUS CÆSAR to the Revolution in 1688.
By DAVID HUME, Esq;
With the Author's last Corrections and Improvements.
Printed for T. Cadell, London; and sold by W. Creech and J. Sibbald, Edinburgh.

CONDITIONS.
I. The Work will make Eight Volumes in Octavo, handsomely printed on a large Letter and on a Medium Paper.
II. Each Number will contain Five or more Sheets, so that the whole may not exceed Forty-eight Numbers, at One Shilling each.
III. In the course of the Work will be given, a series of Portraits of the different Sovereigns of England, from the Conquest to the Revolution, engraved from original Pictures by Hall, Sherwin, Heath, Collyer, &c. &c. and ornamented with new emblematical Designs by Stothard.
IV. In the course of publication, will be given, an account of the Life of the Author, written by himself, and a copious index.
V. Most of the Plates are already finished, and Specimens of the Print, Paper, and Engravings, may be seen at the Publisher's.
VI. In order to form a complete History of England, from the Invasion of Julius Cæsar, to the death of George the Second, the Proprietors intend to publish, immediately after Mr Hume's History is completed, in Weekly Numbers, Dr Smollett's History, from the Revolution, to the Death of George the Second; and that the Paper, Print, and Portraits shall in every respect correspond with the above Work.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
In Buccleugh Place, first door east from George's Square Assembly Rooms.
TO be SOLD on Wednesday next the 20th current, all sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Mounted Beds, Down and Feather Beds, Mahogany Decks, Drawers, Chairs, a variety of English Blankets, Carpets, Tea and Table China; an excellent Carron Oven, a Kitchen Jack, with a variety of other Kitchen Furniture. The whole is in good order, and warranted clean.
Mrs PATERSON Auctioneer.

ROUP OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
To be SOLD by Mrs PATERSON, Auctioneer, on Friday the 22d current, in a large Lodging, James's Square, Bunkers Hill, No. 2.
A Large assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of four-posted and tent beds, and feather beds, with Scots and English blankets, carpets, bed and table linen, mahogany decks, drawers, tables, mahogany and elm chairs, an eight-day clock, a lead cistern, a kitchen jack, with each day, till all is sold off.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
TO be SOLD by public auction, on Wednesday the 20th May instant, west end of George Street, New Town, an elegant assortment of useful and ornamental articles, consisting of Dining and Drawing room Furniture, Mahogany Dining Tables of large dimensions, handsome Sideboard with vases, remarkable nest Chairs, Painted Couches, and Cabriole Drawing-room Chairs, with Manchester Stuff Covers, rich Wilton Carpets, Mirror Glasses of very great dimensions, Inlaid Pier and Card Tables, elegant Gerioldes, Chintz Bed Patterns, Bedding, &c. &c.—Kitchen Furniture, an elegant Clock, a very fine toned Harpsichord, with many other articles.
Catalogues, (price one shilling, to be allowed to purchasers) are now ready for delivery at Duglieth and Forrest's, auctioneers, Potter-row, and the furniture may be viewed to-morrow.
No person to be admitted without a Catalogue.
Sale to begin each day at eleven o'clock forenoon.

HOUSE IN ST ANDREW'S SQUARE.
TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday 19th May current, between the hours of six and seven afternoon, That HOUSE on the fourth side of St Andrew's Square, No. 7, with a coach-house and stable for three horses. The house is completely furnished, and the furniture will be sold along with the house, if purchasers incline, and if not sold with the house, the furniture will be sold by roup, during the last week of May or first week of June. The house and furniture may be seen every day from twelve till two o'clock. If the house is not sold, it will be LET, furnished.
For further particulars, apply to John Tait writer to the signet, Park Place.

SALMON FISHINGS TO LET,
In the County of INVERNESS.
TO be LET, the whole SALMON FISHINGS in the Rivers of Lochy, Spean, and Arickick, and on the sea coast adjoining to Fort William in Lochaber, belonging to the Duke of Gordon, and Mr Cameron of Lochiel, as the same are just now occupied by Angus M'Donnell, Esq; and his partners. The lease to commence with next season 1790, and to endure for such a number of years as can be agreed on. For the accommodation of the Fishings, the FARM of INVERLOCHY, will be let in whole or in part as offerers may incline. There are upon the farm a good dwelling-house, and all necessary cellars and corn-houses, flatted and in good repair, the greater part of which the tenant will receive upon inventory, and an obligation to support them. He will also receive the salt fish and fishing implements the present tenant shall have on hand at the end of this season, at an appropriate value.
Proposals may be sent in writing to William Tod, his Grace's factor at Fochabers, or to Evan Cameron, Esq; of Faisfern, by Fort William, before the 1st of August next, and any person wanting to view the premises, or to get more particular information, may apply to Faisfern, or to Mr Duncan Stewart, barrack master at Fort William.

For Norfolk in Virginia, THE SHIP FAIR PENITENT,
ALEXANDER TAYLOR MASTER, is now ready to receive goods, and will be clear to sail by the 5th June.
For freight or passage, apply to Mr James Brown, Insurance Broker, Glasgow; Nobles, Shannan, and Co. or the master at Greenock.
Greenock, May 13. 1789.



WILLIAM COULTER AND CO. HOSIERS.
Facing the Cross Wall, North side of the High Street, Respectfully inform the Public, THAT they have purchased the Stock of two considerable manufacturing Hosiery, consisting of several thousand pair of
RIBB'D WHITE COTTON & OTHER STOCKINGS, Which they are selling at the following low rates, being 10 per cent. below the current shop prices—
Ribb'd White Cotton Stockings at 2s. 6d. 2s. 9d. 3s. 3d. 3s. 6d. and the very best Superfine at 4s. a pair. Shopkeepers, Silversmiths and others, taking quantities, will be allowed a liberal discount.
W. COULTER and CO. have a very large Stock of
HOSIERY of their own MANUFACTURE, Consisting of all the variety in Silk, Cotton, Thread and Worsted Stockings, which they sell at very low prices. They particularly recommend
Their SILK STOCKINGS, at 10s. 6d. a pair.
Patent Silk and Cotton Stockings, 6s. 6d. a pair.
And Patent Worsted Stockings, at 6s. a pair.
As W. C. and Co. have always a large Stock of Silk, Cotton, Thread, and Worsted by them—any article of Hosiery may be made to pattern, upon one or two days notice.

HOUSE BROKE.
THAT upon Sunday the 10th day of May current, during the time of Divine worship in the forenoon, the Farm-House of BALGERSHAUGH, in the parish of Rhind, and shire of Perth, was broke into, by breaking a pane in one of the windows, and going in thereat, and taking from thence, out of a chest, ONE HUNDRED and THIRTY-SEVEN POUNDS in bank notes, and three Half-Guineas, with a bound Edinburgh Almanack covered with black leather. A-mongst said notes were fifteen five pound ones. If any person can give information so as to lead towards discovery of the house-breakers, they shall have a REWARD of TWENTY POUNDS Sterling upon conviction of the offenders, on applying to David Crow, tenant at Balgershugh; the informer's name to be kept a secret, and no questions asked. It is requested that if vagrants, or persons suspiciously so, should offer any of said notes for change or otherwise, that the same may be stopped by those to whom they are offered, as it is suspected that it was vagrants or stranger people who broke into said house.

ANGUS MACDONALD, HATSHESSER and LINEN DRAPER.
MOVED from the head of Carrubber's Close to the 6th shop, west side, South Bridge Street. He is just returned from London and the different manufacturing towns in England, with a well-chosen assortment of the most fashionable goods in the Linen Drapery and Haberdashery line, which he hopes will meet with the approbation of his Friends and the Public.

WINE, &c. FOR SALE AT MUSSELBURGH.
For behoof of Creditors.
TO be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 22d current, at the warehouse of Archibald Kemp merchant in Musselburgh, His Whole STOCK of GOODS, consisting of a very fine Champagne, sparkling, which are served in cases and bottles, Red and White Port in ditto, Sherry in ditto, several pieces of four-year old Cognac Brandy, importation strength, Rum in and out of bond, a small quantity of British Spirits, French Vinegar in tins, &c. Many other articles too tedious to mention.
The Claret sold from 1300 to 1500 livres per ton, and the Sherry 140 dollars per butt.
As these goods were imported by Mr Kemp, for his extensive trade, and his being well known for keeping wines of the best quality, Noblemen and Gentlemen have now an opportunity of laying in a stock that may not again occur of a long time. Samples to be seen two days before, and on the morning of the sale, by applying to Mr Kemp.
Ready money for all purchases below 20 l.; and at and above that sum three months credit, on finding security to the satisfaction of the exporters.
The sale to begin at eleven o'clock.
N. B. All those indebted to Mr Kemp will immediately pay in what they owe to Mr William Hall merchant in Edinburgh the day before.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE, With a Distillery.
To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 20th day of May 1789, at twelve o'clock noon,
THE LANDS of KINCAPLE and NEWTON of NY-THE, belonging to Robert Stein of Kincaple, in one or in the following lots.
LOT I.—Comprehending part of the Lands presently possessed by Mr Low, consisting of 62 acres 1 rood.
LOT II.—Comprehending the Distillery and Granaries, with the Dwelling-house and Offices, lately possessed by Robert Stein, and about 102 acres of Ground, lying adjacent thereto, with the Superiority of the lands of Edenside, belonging in property to Mr Martin of Edenside.
LOT III.—Comprehending West Third and Longmuir, possessed by Mr Stein, and Bonfield possessed by Major Patton, consisting of 247 acres 3 roods 18 fells or thereby.
LOT IV.—Comprehending Weither Newton, possessed by James Fleeming, and part of Longmuir, consisting of 245 acres or thereby.
LOT V.—Comprehending Easter Newton, possessed by Mr Stein, and consisting of 180 acres or thereby.
These lands will be exposed either in one lot or two, or more of the lots will be joined, as shall be most agreeable to purchasers.
These lands are beautifully situated on the banks of the river Eden.—There is every appearance of coal in the lands of Kincaple, and the proprietor of Newton has right to a salmon fishing in the river Eden.
The title-deeds and articles of sale may be seen in the hands of Alexander Abercromby, or John Taylor, writers to the signet, who will also show a plan of the lands, and a particular scheme of the lots, and will inform as to other particulars.
A plan of the lands will also be seen in the hands of Thomas George, merchant in Cupar.

AT BURDEAUX—FOR CLYDE, The Brigantine Hero, CAPTAIN DENNY,
Will be at Burdeaux in 14 days, and will sail for Clyde by the 10th June.
For freight, apply to Archibald Campbell and Co.
Greenock, May 11. 1789.

AN NEW VESSEL FOR SALE,
of 60 tons carpenter's measure, with a fir bottom and oak ceiling.
For further particulars, apply to Thomson and Norman, Ship-builders, Dyfart.
The said vessel is all ready to launch.
Dyfart, May 13. 1789.



HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
JAMES DUN has at present on hand, at his Cabinet Warehouse, Laurieston Street, in the Tenement adjoining the Hay Steeple,
A Choice Assortment of Side-board and Joining Tables, Tea, Card, and other Tables, Chests of Drawers, Desks, and Book-cases, Chairs, Mahogany Bedsteads, with plain, staid, and Gothic Posts, Tent ditto of different sizes, Book-cases and Presses of different kinds, Sofas, Eight-day Clocks, in mahogany, and waistcoat cases, Tea Trays, Enfilade-cases, Mirrors and Dressing Glasses, Mahogany Canasticks, and a variety of other articles in the cabinet branch, of the best materials and workmanship. Also, several pieces of Carpets, Mattrasses, and other articles in the upholstery branch, all which he is selling
On Reasonable Terms, for Ready Money.
N. B. There are at present in his Warehouse, some most elegant Side Boards, and other pieces of Furniture.
The said JAMES DUN carries on the WRIGHT BUST-NESS, both in the Cabinet and House Joiner Branches; and as he is more than ordinary attentive in having his timber well seasoned, and of having every other part of the manufacture properly executed, he hopes to merit a part of the public favour.
His Daughter also, at the same place, manufactures WHITE THREAD of all kinds. Ladies who please to honour her with their favours may depend upon its being of the best quality.

UNCLAIMED SALE OF LEATHER.
Left, 15th May 1789.
Notice is hereby given, that a Bale of Leather came from London the 20th June 1788, marked with a diamond K Edinburgh, on board the Livingstone. Mackie master, and lodged in the warehouse of Pearson and Soellie, Queen Street, Leith; and as none have claimed it but Messrs George and Andrew Bartholomew in Lincolnton, and as their invoice bears a different mark, it cannot be delivered to them. Intimation is therefore given to the public, that, if no person claims it within ten days from this date, it will be delivered to the above gentlemen, on paying the charges.

WALTER MILLER, Wharfinger, London, And JOHN WALKER, Leith,
Respectfully inform the Nobility, Gentry, and others, who may have Furniture, &c. going to, or coming from London, that they will pay the necessary expenses, receive and forward the same upon a very moderate charge for their trouble. They have large commodious Warehouses both in London and Leith, for the reception of all goods sent to their care, so that every attention, accommodation, and dispatch may be depended on. Walter Miller, has regular traders at his Wharf, for Leith, Perth, Dundee, Banff, and Portferry; all goods are regularly measured, and the freights thereby ascertained to the satisfaction of the proprietors.

TIMBER YARD AND WOOD FOR SALE.
To be SOLD by public sale, on Tuesday 22d June next, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in the Timber Yard of YOUNG and CO. Leith.
A Considerable Quantity of well-seasoned DRY and may be worthy the attention of Builders.
Also the Timber Yard, Sheds, and Dwelling-House, in such lots as purchasers may incline. A property of this sort is seldom seen in the market. A reasonable credit will be given upon approved security.
For particulars, apply to John Young at the Timber-yard.

Contract for a Quay and Breakwater.
NOTICE is hereby given, That the Governor and Directors of the British Society for extending the Fisheries, &c. have resolved forthwith to build a Breakwater and Quay of Stone-work, at Ullapool in Loch Broom in Ross-shire, and for that purpose are desirous of contracting with such competent person or persons as shall deliver in the most reasonable proposals, before the 20th of May next, for executing the same, to the Secretary of the Highland Society at Edinburgh, at whose office a plan and section of the said works, with the conditions annexed, may be seen; or at the house of John McKenzie, inn-keeper at Ullapool.

ROADS TO BE REPAIRED.
CONTRACTORS WANTED.
THAT the Road leading from Forfar to Dundee, in the county of Angus, fourteen miles in length, is to be completely new-made for a Turnpike the ensuing summer. Any person willing to contract for the work, may give in their proposals and estimates of the expense to William Douglas, Esq; of Brighon, by Dundee.
N. B. There will be several other roads in the said county to repair this summer. Not to be repeated.

LANDS IN LINLITHGOWSHIRE.
TO be SOLD.
THE Lands and Estate of CULT, with the Coal. The particulars to be inserted in a future advertisement. Apply to George Hepburn, writer in Edinburgh.

At GREENOCK for JAMAICA, to call at MADEIRA, The Brigantine JENNY,
(Burden about 240 tons)
ROBERT ESON MASTER,
Now ready to receive goods on board, and will be clear to sail by the 1st of June.
For freight or passage apply to Messrs Robert Anderson and Company, Edinburgh; Mr George Hamilton, Glasgow; or Archibald and James Robertson and Company, Greenock.
The Jenny is a fine vessel, only about three years old, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain, And entered to soon after the sale, if the purchaser inclines, THAT Elegant and Commodious VILLA at ORMISTON, within ten miles of Edinburgh and six of Haddington, a short way off the post-road, the property of the late Joseph Douglas-Watson, Esq;. The house consists of a parlour, dining room, drawing room 20 feet by 18, with kitchen, servants room, and other conveniences, on the first floor;—six good bed-chambers, and other conveniences on the second; with good garrets above.
There is also a stable for four horses, byre, large hay-loft, chaise-house, and brew-house, cellars, &c.
The garden consists of a Scots acre, mostly inclosed with a high wall, and is beautifully laid out with shrubberies, standards, and wall-trees, all very thriving.—A purchaser can be accommodated with inclosures for pasture or labour, hard by the house, on reasonable terms. There are two market days in the week at Ormiston.
George Todd at Ormiston will show the premises; and for further particulars, apply to John Moir, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.
N. B. The purchaser may be accommodated with a good deal of standing Furniture.



LLOYD'S LIST.—May 15.
THE Friendship, Walton, from Botany Bay to London, is lost at Batavia; the crew were taken on board the Alexander, which ship is arrived at St Helena.
The Charlotte, Gilbert, from Botany Bay and China, was spoke with the 1st March, to degreet eastward of the Cape.
The Dudley, Richardson, a country ship, from Bombay, is lost off Ladrone, and 70 people drowned.
The John, Dunham, from St Martin's, arrived at Botany Bay, on the 11th ult. in lat. 27. 37. N. lon. 59. W. spoke the Colin, of Bristol, from Virginia for Grenada, out 13 days; all well, and on the 15th ditto, in lat. 40. 13. lon. 23. 21. spoke the Maria, of Dartmouth, for Newfoundland, all well.
The Roman Emperor, Lloyd, and Thomas, Montague, from London to the South Fishery, were well off Palmas the 17th of March.
M A I L S.
Arrived—Ireland, 1.
Due—Ireland, 3.—Holland, 1.—Flanders, 1.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.
HOUSE OF LORDS.
WEDNESDAY, May 13.
HEARD Counsel in an appeal from the Court of Session, wherein the Rev. Mr. W. Mitchell, minister of Dingwall, in the Presbytery of Zetland, and Mr. William Robertson Advocate, Procurator for the church of Scotland, are appellants, and Sir Thomas Dundas and the heirs of Sir John Mitchell, Barons, are respondents.
The decision of this cause is of very great importance to the clergy of Scotland. The subject of it is, whether a decree pronounced by the Court of Session as Commissioners of tiendes, (tythes,) by which a stipend is modified to a minister of the established church, precludes that Court from taking cognizance at any future period of the situation of the parish, and of increasing that stipend in proportion to the alteration of circumstances which may have taken place since the former decree was pronounced. After hearing Mr. Adam and Mr. Hope for the appellants, the further consideration of the cause was postponed to Monday.
Several private bills were received from the Commons; after which the House adjourned till to-morrow.

STATE TRIAL OF
WARREN HASTINGS, ESQ.
FORTY-THIRD DAY.
THURSDAY, May 14.
The Court this day assembled at one o'clock. The auditors were neither as numerous nor as fashionable as on any of the preceding days.
Mr. Grey opened the business by informing their Lordships, that in support of the allegations made against the prisoner, by his friend, it was necessary to have recourse to several letters, which passed in the year 1771 and 1772, between the Court of Directors and Mr. Hastings, which he requested might be read.
The letters were read by the Clerk. They mentioned the directions of the Company to the prisoner, to send any and every notice of Mr. Hastings's conduct towards Nundocomar; in one of the prisoner's letters, he mentioned him as a conscientious man, and as a Rajah of an uncommonly enlightened understanding.
This evidence the Counsel for the prisoner violently resisted, and appealed to the Court that it should not be admitted, on the presumption of the late decision of the House of Commons on the conduct of one of the Hon. Managers.
Mr. Grey contended that he was acting with justice and propriety when he had recourse to Mr. Hastings's own words to vindicate the character of Nundocomar. This unfortunate man never had nor never would have been the object of the prisoner's calumny, if he had colluded with him in his criminal practices; nor did Mr. Hastings ever attempt to call the most distant censure on the character of Nundocomar, until he apprehended that the unfortunate Rajah had taken offence at his conduct, and declared that he would expose him; it was then that Mr. Hastings traduced and continued to persecute Nundocomar, which persecution was still more strongly excited by the conduct of Nundocomar, who had made a complaint against the prisoner to the Board of Council at Calcutta, which consisted of Mr. Hastings, Gen. Clavering, Colonel Monson, Mr. Francis, and Mr. Barlow. —The charge of Nundocomar against Mr. Hastings, and the conduct and demeanor of the prisoner at that time, was submitted by the Managers to the Court as proper evidence against Mr. Hastings.
By these letters it would appear, that Mr. Hastings was, at the time the complaint was preferred against him by Nundocomar, Governor General and President of the Council; but he refused to act as such, and absolutely withdrew himself from the Committee at the time these complaints were preferred. The letters only stated mere matter of fact, necessary for the information of the lawyers; they did not make any comment on the conduct of the prisoner, but only served to point out the manner in which he demeaned himself on the business.
The Counsel for the prisoner objected to the admission of such evidence, on the grounds that Nundocomar's examinations had been taken at a time when Mr. Hastings was absent, and had not the least knowledge of the proceedings of the Committee. They also argued, that in the examinations of Nundocomar, it would appear that he had charged Mr. Hastings with having taken a bribe of three lack of rupees. But this could not be received in evidence. It would be unjust and severe; for Nundocomar might, through motives to injure Mr. Hastings, have stated it, without being able to prove the fact.
A conversation here took place between Mr. Fox, Mr. Burke, Mr. Sheridan, and Mr. Grey, on the part of the prosecution, and the Counsel for the prisoner. It was insisted by the managers, that the demeanor of the prisoner on the business, was strong and impetuous proof of his guilt; it was to this they wished to direct the attention of their Lordships.
Mr. Law, counsel for the prisoner, said that he supposed that the Honourable Managers intended to give up and renounce that part of the evidence; they had admitted that it was irrelevant, but that as it went to support the presumption of guilt in the prisoner, it ought to be admitted. It was an implicit renunciation of that part of the evidence, and as such it must be received. Mr. Fox replied, that it was not the intention of the managers, "implicitly or explicitly," to withhold the least point at issue. He did

not intend to renounce the evidence which was the subject of controversy.
It was the duty of the managers to state whatever they might think would establish the guilt of the prisoner. It was for their Lordships to judge in their manner of doing this, whether they had stated anything foreign or irrelevant to establishing that point or not. After some further uninteresting conversation had passed between the managers and the Counsel for the prisoner, the Lord Chancellor was of opinion, that Mr. Hastings's letter to Europe should be read, wherein if it appeared that he had manifested the examinations to Europe, and acknowledged that Nundocomar had made such depositions before the Council, it was sufficient evidence, that they had not been made without his knowledge. Such a letter would be relevant, and ought to be referred to by the managers.
This decision being admitted by both parties, Lord Kenyon rose to object to it. His Lordship spoke in a very low tone, and their Lordships, in consequence of what his Lordship had said, retired to their own House, to debate the question, and then the House adjourned.
During the discussion of this point, Managers were not admitted into the House of Lords.
Through the communication of a noble Peer, we hear that it has been referred to the Twelve Judges. The Court meets again on Wednesday next.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.
WEDNESDAY, May 13.
Heard Counsel on the Cromford Canal bill.
After a short debate on the question, that the bill be committed, the House divided,
For the commitment — 32
Against it — 17
Majority — 15
The Committee of Supply was adjourned to Friday.

THURSDAY, May 14.
SLAVE TRADE.
Mr. Gascoigne, on account of the shortness of the time, moved that the order of the day for the House going into a Committee on the Slave-trade on Monday next, be postponed to Thursday following. Mr. Wilberforce had no objection. — The motion was therefore agreed to.
A message from the Lords was brought, informing the House that their Lordships would proceed further on the trail of Warren Hastings, Esq. on Wednesday next.
LEICESTER CANAL BILL.
On the motion for the House to resolve itself into a Committee on the said bill,
Sir James Erskine proposed an amendment, "That the House will on this day four months proceed on the commitment of it."
This produced a desultory conversation between Colonel Phipps, Mr. Wiggley, Mr. Pochin, Lord Fielding, Mr. Drake, Mr. Rolle, Mr. Smith, and Mr. Gilbert.
After which the House divided on Sir James Erskine's amendment.
For it — 73
Against it — 35
Majority — 38

Authentic Copy of the TWELVE PROPOSITIONS submitted on Tuesday evening by Mr. WILBERFORCE, to the consideration of the Committee appointed for the Abolition of the SLAVE TRADE, and other Papers relative thereto had been referred; which Propositions were by consent ordered to lie on the Table.

PROPOSITION I.
THAT the number of slaves annually carried from the coast of Africa, in British vessels, is supposed to amount to about 38,000.
That the number annually carried to the British West India Islands has amounted to about 22,500, on an average of four years, to the year 1787 inclusive.
That the number annually retained in the said islands, as far as appears by the Custom-house accounts, was amounted, on the same average, to about 17,500.
II. That much the greater number of the negroes carried away by European vessels are brought from the interior parts of the continent of Africa, and many of them from a very great distance.
That no precise information appears to have been obtained of the manner in which these persons have been made slaves.
But that from the accounts, as far as any have been procured on this subject, with respect to the slaves brought from the interior parts of Africa, and from the information which has been received respecting the countries nearer to the coast, the slaves may in general be classed under some of the following descriptions:—
1st, Prisoners taken in war.
2d, Free persons sold for debt, or on account of real or imputed crimes, particularly adultery and witchcraft, in which cases they are frequently sold with their whole families, and sometimes for the profit of those by whom they are condemned.
3d, Domestic slaves sold for the profit of their masters, in some places at the will of the masters, and in some places on being condemned by them, for real or imputed crimes.
4th, Persons made slaves by various acts of oppression, violence, or fraud, committed either by the princes and chiefs of those countries on their subjects, or by private individuals on each other, or latterly by Europeans engaged in this traffic.
III. That the trade carried on by European nations on the coast of Africa for the purchase of slaves has necessarily a tendency to occasion frequent and cruel wars among the natives, to produce unjust convictions and punishments for pretended or aggravated crimes, to encourage acts of oppression, violence, and fraud, and to obstruct the natural course of civilization and improvement in those countries.
IV. That the continent of Africa, in its present state, furnishes several valuable articles of commerce, highly important to the trade and manufactures of this kingdom, and which are in a great measure peculiar to that quarter of the globe; and that the soil and climate have been found by experience well adapted to the production of other articles, with which we are now either wholly or in great part supplied by foreign nations.
That an extensive commerce with Africa in these commodities might probably be substituted in the place of that which is now carried on in slaves, so as at least to afford a return for the same quantity of goods as has annually been carried thither in British vessels. And lastly, That such a commerce might reasonably be expected to increase in proportion to the progress of civilization and improvement on that continent.
V. That the slave trade has been found by experience to be peculiarly injurious and destructive to the

British seamen who have been employed therein; and that the mortality among them has been much greater than in his Majesty's ships stationed on the coast of Africa, or than has been usual in British vessels employed in any other trade.

VI. That the mode of transporting the slaves from Africa to the West Indies necessarily exposes them to many and grievous sufferings, for which no regulations can provide an adequate remedy; and that in consequence thereof, a large proportion of them has annually perished during the voyage.

VII. That a large proportion of the slaves so transported has also perished in the harbours in the West Indies, previous to their being sold; that this loss is stated by the Assembly of the Island of Jamaica at about four and a half per cent. of the number imported; and is by medical persons of experience in that island ascribed in great measure to diseases contracted during the voyage; and to the mode of treatment on board the ships, by which those diseases have been superseded for a time, in order to render the slaves fit for immediate sale.

VIII. That the loss of newly imported negroes, within the first three years after their importation, bears a large proportion to the whole number imported.

IX. That the natural increase of population among the slaves in the islands appears to have been impeded principally by the following causes:—

1st, The inequality of the sexes in the importations from Africa.

2d, The general dissoluteness of manners among the slaves, and the want of proper regulations for the encouragement of marriages, and of rearing children.

3d, The particular diseases which are prevalent among them, and which are in some instances attributed to too severe labour, or rigorous treatment, and in others to insufficient or improper food.

4th, Those diseases which affect a large proportion of negro children in their infancy, and those to which the negroes newly imported from Africa have been found to be particularly liable.

X. That the whole number of the slaves in the island of Jamaica in 1768, was

about 167,000
That the number in 1774, was, as stated by Governor Keith, about 193,000

And that the number in December 1787, as stated by Lieut. Governor Clarke, was about 256,000

That by comparing these numbers with the numbers imported into and retained in the island in the several years from 1768 to 1774 inclusive, as appearing from the accounts delivered to the Committee of Trade by Mr. Fuller, and in the several years from 1775 inclusive, to 1787 also inclusive, as appearing by the accounts delivered in by the Inspector General, and allowing for a loss of about 1-22d part by deaths on ship-board after entry, as stated in the report of the Assembly of the said island of Jamaica, it appears, that the annual excess of deaths above births in the island, in the whole period of 19 years, has been in the proportion of about 7-8ths per cent. computing on the medium number of slaves in the island during that period. That in the first six years of the said 19, the excess of deaths was in the proportion of rather more than one on every hundred on the medium number. That in the last 13 years of the said 19, the excess of deaths was in the proportion of about three-fifths on every hundred on the medium number; and that a number of slaves, amounting to 15,000, is stated by the report of the island of Jamaica to have perished during the latter period in consequence of repeated provisions.

XI. That the whole number of slaves in the island of Barbadoes was in the year 1764, according to the account given in to the Committee of Trade by Mr. Braithwaite,

That in 1774, the number was, by the same account, 74,874
In 1780, by ditto, 68,270

In 1781, after the hurricane, according to the same account, 63,248
In 1786, by ditto, 62,115

That by comparing these numbers with the number imported into this island, according to the same account (not allowing for any re-exportation), that the annual excess of deaths above births in the ten years from 1764 to 1774, was in the proportion of about five on every hundred, computing on the medium number of slaves in the island during that period.

That in the seven years from 1774 to 1780, both inclusive, the excess of deaths was in the proportion of about one and one-third on every hundred on the medium number.

That between the year 1780 and 1781, there appears to have been a decrease in the number of slaves of about 5000.

That in the six years from 1781 to 1786 both inclusive, the excess of deaths was in the proportion of rather less than seven-eighths in every hundred on the medium number.

And that in the four years from 1783 to 1786 both inclusive, the excess of deaths was in the proportion of rather less than one-third in every hundred on the medium number.

And that during the whole period there is no doubt that some were exported from the island, but considerably more in the first part of this period than in the last.

XII. That the accounts from the Leeward Islands, and from Dominica, Grenada, and St Vincent's, do not furnish sufficient grounds for comparing the state of population in the said islands at different periods, with the number of slaves which have been from time to time imported into the said islands, and exported therefrom. But that from the evidence which has been received respecting the present state of these islands, as well as of Jamaica and Barbadoes, and from a consideration of the means of obviating the causes which have hitherto operated to impede the natural increase of the slaves, and of lessening the demand for manual labour, without diminishing the profit of the planter, it appears that no considerable or permanent inconvenience would result from discontinuing the farther importation of African slaves.

L O N D O N.—May 15.

Lord Edgecombe has offered his seat at Mount Edgecombe, near Plymouth, for the accommodation of his Majesty; to whom a short sea voyage has been recommended for the establishment of his health.

Yesterday morning Mr. Pitt and the Bishop of Lincoln breakfasted with Mr. Dundas, at his seat at Wimbledon, for the first time since his arrival from Scotland.

Yesterday at noon, Captain Collins, lately arrived from Botany Bay, attended at the Admiralty-office, and delivered Commodore Phillips's official dispatches, and also a journal for two years, from October 1786 to October 1788.

Lord Cornwallis's letters, received by the Triton East Indiaman from Bengal, contain accounts of the

enquiries made respecting Mr. Hastings's general conduct in India; Mr. Macpherson's letters also accompany Lord Cornwallis's; and the whole, we hear, is much in favour of the late Governor General.

The Highland Society met yesterday—Lord Fife President—Sir John Sinclair, Vice President. A very numerous and genteel company were assembled at the Shakespeare, and passed the evening with the greatest mirth and festivity. The Lord Advocate of Scotland represented to the Society, the melancholy misfortune of a prisoner at Algiers, who is a native of Scotland, and had been retained a slave for three years. The Society united in a resolution to liberate him at any expense, provided he was not in an American ship. A most ingenious gentleman from Germany was introduced to the Society by Sir John Sinclair, who has undertaken to examine and publish a mineralogical survey of the Northern parts of Scotland; a matter of the utmost consequence to the improvement of that country. The Society voted their utmost support to Sir John Sinclair's patriotic proposal.

We are assured, that a negotiation is now carrying on between the Duke of Dorset and the French Ministry, for some mutual regulations in regard to the slaves in our respective West India islands, which will preclude the French from taking advantage of the present spirit of the country in favour of those people.

Paris is said to be more full of visitors than for a century past; provisions are exceeding dear, but is 36 fous, or eighteen pence English the pound.

France, in some recent regulations of its importations, has contracted its indulgence to America. The total amount of the last year's hop duty was 143,181. and a few fillings.

Mr. Elliott, the British minister at Copenhagen, has presented a memorial to Count Bernstorff, in which his apprehensions that England will be engaged in the Northern war, are evident. Among other things he says, "In the present case, the joining the Danish forces either by land or sea to those of Russia, would cause Denmark to be considered as one of those powers at war, and could but justify the King of Sweden in asking for a speedy and efficacious assistance from his Britannic Majesty and his allies, from whom his Swedish Majesty has accepted pure and unlimited mediation."

Wednesday Humphry Minchen, Esq; M. P. was fined 100l. in the Court of King's Bench, for sending a challenge to Mr. Barford, contrary to the statute made and provided in that case.

Wednesday a Court of Directors was held at the East India House for the purpose of examining papers brought from Bengal by the Triton.

Of the 118 passengers arrived from Bengal in the Triton, not less than 98 of them had been soldiers in India! who having served their contracted time, they had the privilege of returning to their native country with their wives and children, at the Company's expense, with proper accommodations on board; and most of these men will now be entitled to a pension from the Company during life.

Such noble acts of faith, justice, and humanity to the indigent and distressed, ought to be recorded, and will ever redound to the honour of the English East India Company.

The Admiral Hughes, Smith, from China, is arrived off the Isle of Wight. She sailed the 5th of January, and left St Helena the 24th of March, in company with the Scarborough, Mail, from Botany Bay and China.

The Warley, Wilton; Valentine, Lewis; Duke of Buckingham, Watt; and Rockingham, Blanchard, from London to India, had arrived at St Jago the 24th of March, all well.

The Dutton, Lord Hawkesbury, Ceres, Neptune, and Boddam, arrived at China the 5th of October, and were the next Company's ships to be loaded for Europe.

The Manish left Bengal the 28th of December for Madras and Europe; the Kent was to sail for Europe about the 11th of January.

The Bridgewater, Parker, and Contractor, Bartlet, from Madras; Duke of Montrose, Dorin; Asia, Foulks, and Raymond, Smedley, from Bombay, had been at Batavia, and failed thence for China, the beginning of December, by the Eastern passage.

The Prince William Henry, Dundas, from Bombay, arrived at St Helena the 17th of March, and would sail about the 26th ditto; left Bombay the 21st of January. She had on board the following passengers: Andrew Ramsay, Esq; late Governor of Bombay; Mess. Sparks and Day, of Council; Dr. Harrison, Mr. Arden, Mr. Fraser, Lieutenants Bee and Miller, and a Mr. Mitchellson, with a great number of children.

The Friendship, Roberts, from Madras, is arrived at Bolton in six months.

The Eithbourn, Brown, from Botany Bay, is arrived at the Isle of Wight; she failed the 19th of November with the Golden Grove, Sharp, and parted the 12th of April, lat. 7. north.

The Southampton, Aikin, from the South Fishery, arrived at Southampton, parted with the Lucas, Aikin, from the South Fishery, off the Isle of Wight.

The Charlotte, Gilbert, from Botany Bay and China, was spoke with about ten degrees eastward of the Cape, all well.

A new ship, of 44 guns, never yet at sea, has been selected from the Ordinary at Deptford, to be fitted as a storeship to carry female convicts, and building materials and provisions, to the settlement at Botany Bay.

DUTTON, EAST-INDIAMAN.

A disagreement having taken place between Captain Hunt, and the Second Mate, gave rise to provocative invectives on both sides, when the Captain ordered him to his cabin, and sent a letter by Mr. Freeman, (the Purser) requiring an immediate reparation for the insult he had received, which, if not complied with, he expected such satisfaction, as one gentleman had a right to receive from another, which was answered by the Second Mate, informing him, that, as he did not consider himself censurable, he should not act so submissively, and desired the Captain would postpone his determination until their arrival in some port, where their friends might be witnesses to whatever proceedings they might take. This being disapproved of by Captain Hunt, the Second Mate was sent for into the Round-house, and met the Captain in the balcony, when two pistols were produced, and loaded by Mr. Freeman.—The distance being measured, and the signal given, the Second Mate pulled the trigger, but a flash in the pan only took place.—The Captain then fired, but without effect.—Two others were then produced, but owing to mismanagement, they would not take place. On the ship's arrival at China, the Second Mate desired a Committee of enquiry into the proceeding, when Captain Hunt was ordered to restore him, and was himself reprimanded.—Shortly after the Captain threw himself over-board, and was drowned.

It is with extreme concern we announce to the public, that the heir apparent of a certain Peer's in her own right, put an end to his existence by a pistol on Wednesday, in the neighbourhood of Richmond,

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where he resided. The cause of this rash act, is said to have been the embarrassment of the unfortunate gentleman's circumstances. For some time past he has shown signs of a deranged state of mind.

Tuesday died at Kensington Gore, Mr Robert Bremner, music-printer in the Strand.
A few days ago died at Dublin, the Hon. Mrs Hamilton, sister to the Right Hon. Lord Castletewart, and wife of J. Hamilton of Strabane, Esq.

On Friday last, Mr Secretary Hobart delivered a message from the Lord Lieutenant to the Commons of Ireland, acquainting them, "That it was his Excellency's pleasure, that the House should, at its rising, adjourn to the 25th of this month." He therefore moved, "That the House at its rising do adjourn to the 25th instant."

Mr Grattan said, he did not mean to give any opposition to the motion; he should only observe, that the desire of the Lord Lieutenant is not a positive ingredient, an essential motive for the conduct of the House, either as to its adjourning, or continuing to sit.

The question was put and carried without a division.

Mr Grattan afterwards moved, "That his bill for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the state of tithes, should be read a second time the 25th of May." He argued very strenuously, and very ingeniously, for near two hours, in favour of the bill; and was ably supported by Mr G. Ponsonby and Mr O'Neil. The Cattle dependants opposed all enquiry on the subject; the motion was consequently negatived, and the bill lost.

PRICE OF STOCKS, MAY 15.

Bank Stock, 1742 & 175.	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. red 74 1/2 a 3/4	3 per cent. 1742.
5 per cent. con. 75 1/2	India Stock, —
4 per cent. 1777, 95 1/2 a 3/4	India Ann. —
5 per cent. Ann. 1784, 115.	India Bonds, 82 & 78 s. prem.
Bank Long Ann. 22 1/2	New Navy and Victualling
16 1/2 s.	Bills, —
Ditto 1778 for 30 years, 12 1/2	Exch. Bills, —
a 7-16ths.	Lottery Tickets, —
South Sea Stock, —	Irish Tickets, —
Ditto Old Ann. —	Prizes, —

EXCHANGES ON

Amsterdam, 38 2	Opporto, 5 5 1/2
Ditto Light, 37 2	Paris, 28
Rosterdam, 38 4	Ditto a U. 27
Hamburg, 35 5 1/2	Bombay a U. 27
Lisbon, 5 5 1/2	Dublin, 8

EDINBURGH.

A correspondent observing the statement, in one of our papers, of the recent alterations in the trade between Spain and her colonies in America, has given us an opportunity of correcting the same, by favouring us with the following copy of the King of Spain's edict respecting that matter:

"Don Carlos, by the Grace of God, King of the Castiles, &c. After hearing and considering the informations I ordered to be taken concerning all the ports fit for commerce to the Indies and Mexico, I have resolved, that the trade from these ports to New Spain and Caracas shall hence forward, and until a new order, be free for the exportation of the produce and manufactures of Spain; also, that one third part of the total value of cargoes for these parts, may be composed of foreign commodities that are not contraband.

"And farther, in order to promote the national fabrics, and the exportation of its manufactures, I agree to an abatement of ten per cent. on the duties payable by the same on exportation, and a similar abatement on the duties payable at their entry into America. All this without prejudice to the greater favours I have resolved to grant the said commerce."

Friday died, at Leith, in an advanced age, Mr George Anderson of that place.

We are requested to inform our readers, that in the Appeal, Andrew Straton against Mr Graham of Balgovan, a partial and misrepresented statement of the facts has hitherto been given in the newspapers; but that, in a few days, a full account of the Lord Chancellor's speech as taken down by the short-hand writer who attended on that occasion, will be inserted in the different papers.

We are informed, that Professor Anderson of Glasgow has lately made great improvements on the construction and use of field-pieces. These the Professor has transmitted in writing to the Duke of Richmond, and his Grace is so well pleased with the communication, that he has intimated his intention of sending some proper Officers belonging to the Ordnance, to make the necessary trials. They are expected to take place at Carron in a very short time. It is perhaps necessary to add, that Professor Anderson has long belovved a great part of that knowledge and ingenuity which he is known to possess in every elegant degree, upon the study of Gunnery, the new invention of his with respect to field-pieces, may naturally be expected to be attended with national advantages.

Friday forenoon, arrived in Glasgow, the first division of the 7th regiment of foot, or Royal English Fusiliers, from this place.

Thursday were committed to Glasgow prison, John Smith, and John Stewart, for returning from banishment.

Tuesday night a violent scuffle happened in the Bridge-gate of Glasgow, between a soldier of the 55th Regiment and a fisher, when the latter cut the former in the neck in a dreadful manner. Another soldier being present, precipitately fired his musket at the fisher, which unluckily shot a boy in the thigh. The soldier and boy lie dangerously ill, and the fisher and the other soldier are lodged in prison.

Extract of a letter from Inverness, May 14.
"The Circuit Court of Justiciary was opened here on Tuesday last, the 12th current, by the Right Honourable the Lords Henderson and Swinton.

"Henrietta Manfion, formerly residing in Acker-gill, in the parish of Wick, and county of Caithness, accused of child-murder, petitioned for banishment; and the Advocate Depute, on account of some favourable circumstances in her case, having given his consent, she was banished Scotland for the space of fourteen years.

"William Telfy alias Rofs, present prisoner in the tolbooth of Inverness, accused of house-breaking and theft, being found guilty of the same, was sentenced to be hanged here upon the 24th day of July next.

"James Mackintosh vintner in Elgin, accused of violently assaulting Alexander Mason baker there, upon the high road leading from Elgin to Forres, and taking from him a twenty-shilling note of the British Linen Company, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment in the tolbooth of Elgin, to be publicly whipt

there, and thereafter banished Scotland for fourteen years. The Court gave judgment in an appeal. And no other business depending, and this the last day of the ayre, the Court proceed to Aberdeen to-morrow."

The following Addresses from the Presbytery of Inverness were transmitted to Sir Hector Munro, member of Parliament for that district of Burghs, and were most graciously received.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,
WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the Members of the Presbytery of Inverness, beg leave with the greatest humility to approach your Majesty's throne, to congratulate your Majesty on your happy recovery from the late indisposition with which your Majesty was afflicted.

Fully sensible of the mildness of your Majesty's government, of the privileges which the Church of Scotland has enjoyed since your illustrious House came to the throne of these Realms, and observing with the greatest pleasure your Majesty's virtues and religious example, we were most deeply affected on account of the calamity with which your Majesty was visited; and hence we felt the sincerest joy at the merciful interposition of the Almighty, in restoring your Majesty to health, and to the exercise of the royal authority. Our ardent prayers to the Most High are, that your Majesty's health and life may long be preserved as a blessing to your family and kingdom, and as a protection to our Church; and that your Majesty may at length receive a crown of glory.

Signed in name, preference, and by appointment of the Presbytery at Inverness, this 7th day of April 1789, by
GEO. WATSON, MODR.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,
WE, the Ministers of the Presbytery of Inverness, beg leave to approach your Majesty, to congratulate you on the recovery of our most gracious Sovereign. The greatest earthly dignity exempts not from the calamities incident to humanity: the purest virtue is subject to the severest trials. We felt with you in your distress, and desire now sincerely to rejoice in your deliverance. It is our ardent prayer, that your Majesty may long enjoy domestic happiness, and at last arrive at celestial bliss.

Signed in name, preference, and by appointment of the Presbytery at Inverness, the 7th day of April 1789, by
GEO. WATSON, MODR.

HEXHAM RACES.

Wednesday, May 13, 50 l. for three year olds, &c. was won by

Mr Ward's Duck Wing.	—	1
Mr Grey's b. colt	—	2
Mr Burdon's Cetus	—	3
Thursday, 50 l. for three year olds, &c. was won by		

Duke of Hamilton's Through	—	3
Mr Ward's b. colt	—	1
Mr Craddock's c. filly	—	2
Mr Grey's b. colt	—	dr.

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

THE SEXES.

By Mr JOHN ARMSTRONG,
Student in the College of Edinburgh.

TO brave each danger, bear each toil,
To seek the prize that learning yields,

Or glory win in martial fields,
Was Man first form'd of hardy mold;

Patience of toil, in danger bold:
Yet Man, of all these powers possess'd,

Remain'd unblest, and unblest'd;
Till Woman made, an help-mate meet,

His happiness became complete.
'Tis his to climb Fame's rugged way,

His trophies at her feet to lay;
'Tis hers to soothe the mental strife,

And sweeten all the ills of life.
In Man each sterner art has place,

In Woman each enchanting grace;
Women from men protection find,

And men by women are refin'd.
Man's form'd for bus'ness and debate,

To govern and defend the State,
To thum the scenes of private rest,

And stand in public life confest'd.
Woman is loveliest, when retired;

When least obtrusive, most admir'd.
In her the accent soft and low,

And blushing face most graceful show:
Placed in the mild domestic sphere,

With native grace her charms appear;
Exposed to the broad glare of day,

Each modest beauty fades away;
When woman would be learn'd or great;

She seeks what's foreign to her state;
'Tis her's to know each winning way,

And rule by seeming to obey.

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

Saturday, May 16. 8 P.M. — 54 — 29.42

Sunday, — 17. 8 A.M. — 52 — 29.37

— 8 P.M. — 54 — 29.40

Monday, — 18 8 A.M. — 54 — 29.20

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

May 16. Margaret, Hegon, from Alloa, with whisky.

Ann. Rofs, from Glasgow, with goods.

May. Kelly, from Dunbar, with ditto.

Industry, Reid, from Glasgow, with grain.

18. Ann's Increase, Grieco, from Edinburgh, with ditto.

Celestine Friends, Donaldson, from Ho l, with goods.

Brothers, Robertson, from Limekilns, with coals.

Ann. Forsyth, from Rotterdam, with ditto.

Three Sloops with coals.

SAILED.

Robert, Brown, for Calcutta, with goods.

Charlotte, Davidson, for Aberdeen, with ditto.

Oughton, Rofs, for Petersburg, with ditto.

Margaret, Turnbull, for ditto, with ditto.

Temple, Bridges, for Hamburg, with ditto.

Betty, Tulloch, for Liverpool, with ditto.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK.

May 8. Neptune, Hall, from Wickall, timber.

Isabella, Carnegie, from St Kitt's, sugar.

Home, Brown, from Grenada, ditto.

9. Mercury, Lusk, from Jamaica, ditto.

Samuel, Robertson, from Charleston, tobacco.

14. Prince of Wales cutter, Capt. Gely.

SAILED.

11. Lucy, Robertson, from Halifax, goods.

12. Ruby, Miver, from Philadelphia, ditto.

13. Seafarer cutter, Captain Blacket, on a cruise.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
BY WILLIAM CREECH,
And sold by T. and J. Riddiman, South Bridge-street, and
J. Archibald, Leith, Chapel-street—price 3s. sewed.

THE BEEMASTER'S

COMPANION AND ASSISTANT;

OR, THE ART AND MYSTERY OF MANAGING THOSE INFESTS, SHOWING AN EASY WAY TO PREVENT THEM FROM PUNING,

AND HOW TO DESTROY THEM BY THE MOST EFFECTUAL MEANS.

By JAMES BONNER,
Bookbinder, Anchor-Row, near Berwick upon-Tweed.

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SCOTCH PREACHER,

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WHEREAS by an act passed in the 5th year of the reign

of King George I. cap. 18. entitled, An Act for

renewing the Credit of the British Fishery in foreign

parts, and for better securing the Duties on Salt, it is

among other things enacted, That every person selling,

giving away, using, or delivering any salt received duty free

for the cure of fish; or confining, or being anywise privy

to the selling, giving away, using, or delivering such salt,

directly or indirectly, otherwise than for the purpose afore-

said, shall forfeit, pay and undergo, the penalties and pun-

ishments hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, every

proprietor of such salt or his agent, for every bushel of

such salt so sold, given away, used or delivered, shall forfeit

and pay the sum of twenty shillings, one third part

thereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors,

and the remainder thereof to such person that shall inform,

or sue for the same. And every other person buying, tak-

ing or using any such salt otherwise than for the purposes

aforesaid, and in the manner aforesaid, shall forfeit and

pay the sum of twenty shillings for every bushel of salt so

bought, delivered or used, and after that rate for a greater

or less quantity; one third part thereof for the use of his

Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the remainder there-

of to such person or persons that shall inform or sue for the

same; which said sums or penalties shall be levied in such

manner as other penalties herein after mentioned are to be

levied: And in default of payment of such sums within

fourteen days after conviction of such crime, and where

no sufficient effects can be found to answer the same, the

person or persons so offending shall be sent to the house of

correction, there to be whipt and kept to hard labour, for

any time not exceeding three months.

And whereas, by an act passed in the 25th of the reign of

his present Majesty King George III. cap. 63. entitled, An

Act for reducing the allowances for Walle on Salt and Rock

Salt, and for better securing the Duties on Salt, &c. it is

among other things enacted, That from and after the 1st

day of August 1785, no fish-curer or fish-carriers shall, di-

rectly or indirectly, sell, retail, or vend any salt other

than to fish-curers, in pursuance of the act made in the

5th year of the reign of his late Majesty King George I.

under the penalty of forfeiting twenty shillings a bushel

for every bushel that he, she, or they shall so dispose of;

and after that rate for any greater or less quantity, and

shall never afterwards be permitted to have salt duty-

free.

And that no fish whatsoever, after the same has been deli-

vered into the sole custody of the curer of fish for foreign

markets, shall be delivered over to any other person for

the curing of fish, nor shall be removed from the place

where lodged to any other place for curing fish, without

giving notice to the officer, and having a warrant from him

for removing the same, upon pain of forfeiting the sum of

50 l. by the proprietor or owner of the salt; or the person

removing the same; and that no person whatsoever shall

be deemed or taken to be a curer of fish, or as to initiate

him to have any salt delivered into his sole custody duty-

free for the curing fish for foreign markets, who has not a

warehouse, lighthouse, or other proper place wherein the

salt may be securely lodged under the lock and key of the

officer for the duties on salt, as well as the said proprietor,

as the law directs.

And that one moiety of every fine, penalty and forfeiture

incurred by the said act of the 25th of George III. (and not o-

therwise directed by any former act) shall be to his Majesty,

his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them

who shall inform, or sue for the same.

And whereas, the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs

and Salt duties for Scotland, have received intelligence,

that great quantities of salt delivered free of duty for the

cure of fish, particularly foreign salt, are sold openly for

promiscuous uses in different parts of the country, and that

the regulations of the laws, more especially of the acts recited,

are evaded, or at best but very ill attended to.—They her-

by take this public method of declaring to the proprietors

of duty free salt, and their agents, and all persons who buy

salt from them, not being themselves fish-curers, intitled by

law to have salt duty-free, or who use such salt for other pur-

poses than the curing of fish for exportation, or herring, or

fish taken by herring-buffers for home consumption, that

while they do what lies in their power to encourage and pro-

mote the fisheries, they are at the same time firmly resolved

to enforce the laws against all who shall transgress the same;

and for the encouragement of persons to give information of

such illegal practices, so as the offenders may be convicted,

the Board will take care, that the shares of the fines and pe-

nalities recovered shall be punctually paid.

By Order of the Commissioners.

R. E. PHILIPS.

Brewing Utensils, and Sale of a Tack.

To be SOLD by public auction, on Friday next the 22d May

1789, at one o'clock afternoon, on the premises in St

Bernard's Street, Leith,

THE whole UTENSILS of that Brewery, lately occupied

by Mr. J. Thomson and Stodart, consisting of two Cops-

ers, two Tans, two Coolers, Mash-Tun, Cisterns, Pumps,

Butts, Pans, Hogsheads, Barrels, &c. &c. to be set up

in one lot or separately, as purchasers may incline.

ALSO.

The TACK of said Brewery, Mash Barn, Kiln, Lofs, and

Dwelling-House, for four years from the ensuing term of

LANDS IN TWEEDDALE TO BE SOLD.

TO BE SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse at Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 18th day of June next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The Lands and Estate of LINTON, lying in the parish of Linton, and Sheriffdom of Peebles.

These lands are of large extent, above 1800 acres, and are exceedingly improvable, being distant from Edinburgh only sixteen miles; within two or three miles of lime and coal, and the great turnpike-roads from Edinburgh to Biggar and Moffat running for above two miles through the heart of them.

A plan of the estate, with the articles of roup, and an inventory of the progress of works in the hands of Mr Cockburn, Chapel Street, who has power to conclude a private bargain previous to the day of roup.

N. B. A part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands, on a proper security.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE, AND OF

The Heritable Office of his Majesty's Sole and Principal Officer for Scotland.

To be exposed to Sale, by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 8th day of July 1789, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

THE Parts and Portions of the Lands

of BIRGHAM after mentioned, and the Lands of LONGBIRGHAM, all lying in the parish of Eccles, and Sheriffdom of Berwick—and the Heritable Office of Sole and Principal Officer to his Majesty in Scotland—in three separate lots or parcels, viz.

LOT I.

The parts and portions of the said lands of Birgham, some time belonging to Rosomondo Dalgleish, with the Teinds and Pertinents, the free yearly rent whereof is proven to be 761. 9s. 3d. 3-12ths. And being valued at 25 years purchase, the upset price of that lot is 19061. 11s. 9d. 3-12ths.

The lands in this lot are held of the Crown, for payment of an yearly feu duty of 4s. 2d. Sterling.

LOT II.

The Lands of Longbirkham, which some time belonged to the Earl of Home, with the Teinds and Pertinents. The free yearly rent of these lands is proven to be 1331. 5s. 3-12ths of a penny. And being valued at 25 years purchase, the upset price of that lot is 3331. 5s. 6d. 3-12ths. The lands in this lot are also held of the Crown. The precise amount of the feu duty payable for the lands in this lot cannot be precisely ascertained, as, by the charters thereof, there is a cumulo feu duty of 4l. 0s. 10d. Sterling payable yearly for the lands of Longbirkham, the lands of Fairmyre, Whiterigg, and Fillingth; but for the purchasers security, the aforesaid whole feu duty of 4l. 0s. 10d. is deducted from the gross rent of this lot.

The lands in both these lots lie contiguous, are of a rich soil, wholly arable, and situated upon the banks of the Tweed, about four miles below Kelso, and the like distance above Coldstream, both of which are good market towns. They are not far removed from coal and lime, and command a delightful and extensive prospect of the river and adjacent country, which is rich and plentiful. The lands are capable of very considerable improvement, and are all out of lease.

LOT III.

The Heritable Office of his Majesty's Sole and Principal Officer for Scotland, with the whole profits and dignities thereto belonging, particularly an yearly pension of 2501. Sterling, subject to a deduction of 25 per cent. and the fees payable upon resignations, &c. in Exchequer, which are proven to amount, at a medium, to 201. 10s. Sterling per annum, making the yearly worth of the salary and fees amount to 2701. 10s. And being valued at 20 years purchase, the upset price of that lot is 54101.

Besides the fee and emoluments above mentioned annexed to the office of the clerk of the sessions and other titles, the purchaser thereof may claim certain perquisites upon all new creations of dignities in England.

The articles of roup and the proven rental may be seen in the office of Mr George Kirkpatrick, one of the deputy clerks of Session; or in the hands of George Johnston, writer to the signet, common agent in the sale, to whom intending purchasers may apply for further information; and John Turner tenant in Longbirkham, will show the lands.

DEBTS TO BE SOLD.

To be sold by public roup, in the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 18th day of June 1789, at six o'clock afternoon.

Sundry Debts due to Messrs DOUGLAS, HERON, AND COMPANY, amounting in whole to L. 34,565. 11s. 6d. in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I.

1. Balance due by John Christian, merchant in Dunkirk, upon his heritable securities at Whitfunday 1788, per account, L. 6305 10 6

2. Balance due by ditto, for sundries, at 30th September 1788, per account, 570 2 0

3. Balance due by ditto, at Whitfunday 1788, for calls upon him as a partner of the Company, per account, 1736 9 1

4. Balance due by Sir George Colbrooke, Bart. at Whitfunday 1788, per acct., 195 2 10

5. Balance due by Robert Lorrimer, in Auchincaught, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 89 11 4

Amount of debts in lot I. L. 8896 15 9

LOT II.

1. Balance of bond due by William Hunter of Clackington, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 1931 9 3

2. Balance of an account due by ditto, at Whitfunday 1786, per account, 26 5 1

3. Balance of a bond due by And. Crobie, Esq. advocate, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 1895 9 11

4. Balance of sundry calls due by ditto, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 509 17 5

5. Balance due by ditto upon his cash accounts at Edinburgh and Dumfries, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 445 0 2

6. Balance due by Sir Walter Montgomery-Cunninghame, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 19 0 11

Amount of debts in lot II. L. 4272 3 9

LOT III.

1. Balance of a bond due by James Hay of Craufurdston, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 2645 4 9

2. Balance of a bill due by James Hay and Walker Bell, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 35 6 5

3. Balance due by James McWhirter, Dumfries, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 54 13 6

4. Balance due by Robert Maxwell of Carrogen, 4th December 1787, per two accounts, 40 19 6

5. Balance of a bill due by John Carruthers of Holmains, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 366 10 10

6. Balance due by Robert Irvine of Woodhall, at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 133 13 0

Amount of debts in lot III. L. 3276 8 0

Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and sold at his Printing-House in the OLD FISH-MARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in.

Printed every Monday, Thursday, and Saturday.—Price of a single Paper 3d.—1s. 17s. 6d. yearly when called for.—2s. 6d. delivered in Town—and 2l. 6s. 6d. sent by Post.

LOT IV.

1. Balance due by William Kirkpatrick of Concheath at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 1388 25 5

2. Balance due by William Kirkpatrick, and Thomas Wilson of Crofield, at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 846 18 19

3. Balance due by William Kirkpatrick upon two heritable bonds at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 7460 8 8

4. Balance of a cash account due by John Dickson at Dumfries at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 75 4 10

N. B. As this balance arises from an error in the cashier and accountant at Dumfries, the purchaser will be assigned to the Company's claim against them and their cautioners.

5. Balance due by Alexander Ferguson of Clackloch at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 77 18 4

6. Balance of an account due by William Couper of Kirkcrist, 30th December 1786, 7 9 8

Amount of debts in lot IV. L. 9856 15 3

LOT V.

1. Account due by Andrew Donald, merchant in Greenock, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 476 16 8

2. Sum due by Ronald Campbell, merchant in Campbellton, at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 296 6 9

3. Sum due by Archibald McShenag, and said Ronald Campbell, at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 38 6 0

4. Sum due by David Simpson, merchant in Glasgow, per bill and account, 895 15 5

5. Sum due by Archibald Campbell of Blantyre, at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 263 7 4

6. Account due by John Grant and John McCra, amounting at Whitfunday 1788, to, 437 8 7

Amount of debts in lot V. L. 2398 0 7

LOT VI.

1. Account due by Jo. Sutherland in Cumnock, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 408 5 9

2. Account due by William Boyd Robertson of Trochridge, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 476 16 8

3. Account due by Alexander Hair of Rankinston, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 146 14 8

4. Account due by Robert Kennedy of Pinmore, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 322 17 7

Amount of debts in lot VI. L. 1354 14 8

LOT VII.

1. Account due by James Hardie, writer in Edinburgh, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 1143 7 0

2. Account due by Messrs Baird and Gray for a bill of 301. 5s. in the hands of John Boswell, writer in Ayr, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 56 11 6

3. Balance of a cash account due by Gilbert Stewart, James McFie, William Orr, and David Rodger, amounting, at Whitfunday 1788, to, 2 15 0

4. Balance due by Alexander McCulloch, at Whitfunday 1788, per account, 2080 6 10

5. Balance due by Janet Clapperton, grocer in Edinburgh at Whitfunday 1788, per bill and account, 42 3 3

6. Account due by John Galt, merchant in Edinburgh, at Whitfunday 1788, 624 4 1

Amount of debts in lot VII. L. 3955 4 6

Inventories of the vouchers of the different debts, and diligence upon them, with copies of the conditions of roup, may be seen at the Company's office in Edinburgh—at Mr Thomas Goldie's, Dumfries—Mr Richard Campbell's, at Braehead, near Ayr—and at James Thomson's, writer to the signet, Hanover-street.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

Upset Price Still Further Reduced.

To be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, in the Parliament or New Session House at Edinburgh, upon Monday the 16th day of June 1789, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE Remaining Part of the Lands and Estate which belonged to ALEXANDER ACHYNDAHY of KINCARDINE, viz.

The Town and Lands of Cividly, Meiklehaugh, Muirhead, Achredughy, and Beldiehill; the Lands of Old Keig, and Mill thereof, with the teinds and pertinents, all lying within the parish of Keig, and Sheriffdom of Aberdeen.

The proven yearly rent of these lands is L. 129. 11s. 2d. 1-12th Sterling, which, at 25 years purchase, is L. 3238. 19s. 10d. 4-12ths Sterling, but, on different applications to the Court, is now reduced to L. 2780 Sterling, which is to be the upset price.

These lands are situated in a rich country, are capable of great improvement, and being out of lease at present, a considerable rise of rent may be expected.

The title-deeds, rental, and measurement of the lands, and articles of roup, may be seen in the hands of George Kirkpatrick, deputy clerk of Session; and for further information, application may be made to John Gordon, clerk to the signet, agent in the sale; or John Dunn, or David Morice, advocates in Aberdeen.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Principal Lot of the Barony of BLACKBURN, seventeen miles west from Edinburgh lying in the parish of Livingston, and county of Linlithgow, the great road to Glasgow running through it.

This lot consists of near 500 acres. Scots measure; has a good modern mansion-house of sixteen fire-rooms, a complete set of offices, and excellent farm-houses for the tenants. The lands are inclosed, and subdivided with hedges and stone dykes, and surrounded with belts of planting. The hedges and planting are very thriving. The lands are of a rich soil, and in high cultivation. Lime and coal are now working in the adjoining lands. The grounds are part in tenantry, and part in the proprietor's hands. The rent about 4001. per annum.

The lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a vote in the county. The term of payment of the price, and entry to the premises, will be made agreeable to the purchaser.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Alexander Watson, writer, Craig's Close; in his absence, to Mr Thomas Miller, or William Dallas, clerk to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh. The proprietor, at Blackburn-house, will show the lands.—If not sold by private bargain, a future day will be fixed on for a roup.

MILLS TO LET.

THE MILLS of KINNRIEL, including TOD's MILL, with the Mill-Lands, Maltures, and Pertinents, in the parish of Borrowstounness, and three of Linlithgow, are to be let by roup, in the house of Mr ROSS, Borrowstounness, on Tuesday the 19th of May 1789, at ten in the forenoon.

SALE OF LANDS, LYING AT KIRKINTULLOCH.

By Adjournment.

To be exposed to sale by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament House, on Wednesday 17th June 1789, betwixt the hours of four and six in the afternoon.

THE Remaining LOTS of the Heritable Subjects which belonged to the deceased JAMES OSWALD of Springfield.

LOT VIII.

Brewery, Houses, and Yard, at Bridgend of Kirkintulloch, valued and to be exposed at 13 years purchase, L. 15 0 0 L. 195 0 0

The Haugh Land, to be exposed at 25 years purchase, L. 7 0 0

Deduct a fifth part for teind, to which no right is produced, 1 8 0

5 12 0 L. 140 0 0

L. 20 12 0 L. 335 0 0

The 5th part of the rent of said haugh-land being laid aside for teind, is L. 1 8 0

From which deduct stipend payable therefor to the minister of Kirkintulloch, 0 0 4

Remains of free teind, L. 1 7 8

Which free teind being appointed to be exposed at five years purchase, for the privilege of purchasing thereof, is 6 18 4

L. 20 12 0 L. 341 18 4

The above lot is divided from the other subjects at the Bridgend, by a common entry, and a hedge running south, betwixt said haugh-land and the Broad Croft after mentioned, and is particularly adapted for a brewery or distillery, having, at all seasons, the command of inexhaustible well and river water, besides being situated near coal and in a plentiful country, within a few miles of Glasgow, either by land or water carriage. This lot has also a right to moss in the Mountain-moss, which will go along with it.

LOT IX.

Free Rent. Upset Price.

Old Mansion House at Bridgend, and the Yards at the back thereof, to be exposed at twelve years purchase, L. 10 0 0 L. 120 0 0

Broad Croft, to be exposed at twenty-five years purchase, L. 7 0 0

Deduct a 5th for teind, to which no right is produced, 1 8 0

5 12 0 L. 140 0 0

Fen duty payable out of Peter Bell's feu at Bridgend, to be exposed at 25 years purchase, 0 0 6 0 12 6

L. 15 12 6 L. 160 12 6

The 5th part of the rent of said Broad Croft, being laid aside for teind, is L. 1 8 0

From which deduct stipend payable therefor to the minister of Kirkintulloch, 0 0 4

Remains of free teind, L. 1 7 8

Which free teind being appointed to be exposed at five years purchase, for the privilege of purchasing thereof, is 6 18 4

L. 15 12 6 L. 267 10 10

This and the preceding lot are held blench of the Town of Kirkintulloch for payment of a penny Scots; and as they are situated at the most agreeable and convenient end of said town, and front the streets on two sides, having a considerable part of the ground in front open and unoccupied, they may be used to great advantage. Besides, each of the foregoing lots have home planting on them, on which no value is put; and lot 9th has a right of burgh-ship in the burgh of Kirkintulloch.

LOT X.

A DEBT due to said deceased James Oswald, by the also deceased John Calder of Davidson, for which an adjudication was led against his lands of Davidson, and other heritages, dated 10th August 1787, accumulating said debt to 1211. 8s. 5d. bearing interest from that date, at which accumulated sum it is appraised to be exposed, whereby the purchaser will have the benefit of the interest which has fallen due since 10th August 1787, inde, L. 121 8 5

SPRINGFIELD, comprehending the grounds which were in the natural possession of the proprietor at his death; the proven rent is L. 50 0 0

These lands, flock and teind, are held feu of Mr Stirling of Keir, and the feu duty and stipend payable for both, according to the ordinary convention of vidual in that part of the country, is L. 1 19 5

And the salary to the schoolmaster, is 0 0 8 9 12ths

Remains free rent, L. 47 19 10 3-12ths

And the price at which, exclusive of the woods, they are appointed to be exposed, being 25 years purchase of said free rent, is L. 1199 16 4 3-12ths

To which add the woods and planting on Springfield, valued separately, at 200 0 0

L. 1399 16 4 3-12ths

These lands of Springfield lie in the parish of Campsie and county of Stirling, about a quarter of a mile from Kirkintulloch, and are pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Kelvin. There is a neat and commodious dwelling-house, with suitable offices upon the lands, fit to accommodate a genteel family; and the lands are not only substantially inclosed and subdivided, but are most agreeably sheltered by thriving belts and clumps of planting of fir and other wood belonging to the premises.

The articles of roup, judicial rental, and inventory of the progress of works of the different parcels, are to be seen in the office of Mr Ross, deputy clerk of Session; and copies of them, with the title-deeds, are in the hands of Alexander Grant, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, to whom, or to the Rev. Mr Dun at Kirkintulloch, application may be made for any further information, or for printed copies of the foregoing description and advertisement.

N. B. Such of the Creditors of Mr Oswald as may not have yet produced their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity, with Mr Ross, the clerk to the process, or with said Alexander Grant, are requested to do so betwixt the day of sale.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 20th of May current, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon.

THAT HOUSE, being the third floor on the

fourth side of the Scale Stairs in the Old Assembly Clofe, consisting of a dining room 23 feet by 16, four bedrooms, three bed closets and kitchen, and there is a garret and cellar belonging to the lodging.

It is insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office, and the premium paid up, and will be sold either with or without the benefit of the insurance, as purchasers may incline.

If sold without the insurance, the upset-price will be 225 l.

The title-deeds and articles of roup will be seen in the hands of Hugh Corrie writer to the signet; to whom any person wishing to purchase by private bargain.

Houses and Ground in Kincardine.—Household Furniture, and Wood for Ship Building.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup in the house of John Stewart, vintner in Kincardine, on Friday the 29th day of May instant, at six o'clock in the evening.

ALL and Whole that JENEMENT of HOUSES lying on the shore of Kincardine, with the Smithy and Ground thereto belonging, as presently possessed by James Gray, shipbuilder, and Alexander Stewart, smith.

As also, that Piece of inclosed Ground, at the well end of the said town of Kincardine, presently possessed by the said James Gray, lying between the high road and the sea shore. These subjects are, from their situation, well adapted for a ship-builder or wood merchant.

The trustee on the sequestered estate of the said James Gray, requests a meeting of his Creditors at the above mentioned time and place, in order to lay before them some matters relative to the management of the said estate.

And on Saturday the 30th instant, at ten o'clock forenoon, there will be sold in the house of the said James Gray, his whole Household Furniture, and the Wood for Ship-building belonging to him on the said shore.

LANDS IN FIFE BY ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 17th day of June next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

LOT I.

The Lands and Barony of BALCARVIE, lying in the parishes of Monymay and Cupar, and within a quarter of a mile of the town of Cupar, with or without (as purchasers may incline) about 40 acres of Cupar muir, and about 30 years ago, which are in a thriving condition, and will be soon ready for cutting.

The present free-rent of these lands is about 406 l. Sterling; but at Martinmas next a considerable rise will take place, as the proprietor has lately purchased up the lease of the farm of Clinkmill, which contains upwards of 60 acres, and to which he enters at that term. The rent of the other farms will also rise considerably at the expiry of the current leases.—The proprietor has a right to the teinds, and the lands afford two freehold qualifications in the county.

LOT II.

Also, the Lands of KINGASK, lying in the parish of Cupar, and within half a mile of that town on the Dundee road.

The present free yearly rent of these lands is about 150 l. Sterling, and will rise considerably at the expiry of the current leases.—They hold of a subject superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

N. B. If the above lands of Balcarvie are not sold on or before the day of roup, the proprietor at Balcarvie, or Patrick Plenderleath, writer in Pittenweem, his factor, will be ready to treat for a lease of the above farm of Clinkmill, the entry to which will be at Martinmas next. That farm is all inclosed, and lies within half a mile of the town of Cupar.

The titles, rental, and plans of the several lands will be seen by applying to David Forbes, writer in Edinburgh, to whom, or the proprietor at Balcarvie, any willing to treat for a private bargain may apply; and the lands will be shown by James Carrairs, writer in Cupar, or by the tenants.

LANDS

In Lanarkshire and Dunbartonshire.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 15th day of July 1789, at six o'clock afternoon.

The Fifty Shilling Land of old extent of the lands of TWEEDIE, with the pertinents, lying within the parish of Stenhouse, and Sheriffdom of Lanark.

These lands are pleasantly situated on the banks of the Avon, about one mile from Strathaven, and six miles from Hamilton, and consist of about 110 acres of croft, 100 acres of field-land, and about